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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/611,322	07/01/2003	Manoj Kumar	52669_CIP1 4030		
7590 09/17/2004			EXAMINER		
CHRISTOPHER F. REGAN			TRAN, ANH Q		
Allen, Dyer, Do	ppelt, Milbrath & Gilchri				
Suite 1401		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
255 S. Orange A	Ave., P.O. Box 3791	2819			
Orlando, FL 3	2802	DATE MAILED: 09/17/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	<i>.</i>				
		10/611,3	22 .	KUMAR ET AL.	EK.				
		Examine	r	Art Unit					
		Anh Q. Ti		2819					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on th	e cover sheet with the d	orrespondence add	iress				
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stareply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no ex- reply within the sta riod will apply and value, cause the app	rent, however, may a reply be tin tutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from blication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely, the mailing date of this co D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.				
Status									
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0	1 July 2003.							
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.								
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposit	ion of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 13-37 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 13-37 is/are rejected.								
Applicat	ion Papers								
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Example The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 July 2004</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the conThe oath or declaration is objected to by the	a)⊠ accepte the drawing(s) rection is requi	be held in abeyance. Secret if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CF	• •				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12)⊠ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document of th	ents have beents have been briority documerau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Applicati ents have been receive le 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National S	Stage				
2) Notice (3) Information	et(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ er No(s)/Mail Date 7/1/.	/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 13, 16-20, 22, 25-29, 31, 34-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wert et al (5,406,140).

Claim 13, Wert shows an electronic circuit (118, Fig. 3) comprising:

an input logic inverter (350, 354) operating at a first voltage level (EXTVDD) and having an input and an output, the input for receiving an input signal at the first voltage level;

an output logic inverter (386, 390) operating at a second voltage level (VDDI) lower than the first voltage level and having an input and an output for providing an output signal (Y) of the electronic circuit; and

voltage reduction means (358, 382, 378) connected between the output of said input logic inverter and the input of said output logic inverter;

the input logic inverter, said output logic inverter, and said voltage reduction means cooperating to reduce the input signal from the first voltage level to the second voltage level provide the output signal so that the input and output signals have substantially equal rise and fall delays and substantially equal rise and fall transition times.

Claim 16, Wert shows voltage reduction means reduces a voltage level of the input signal to between a first threshold below the first voltage level and a second threshold above the first voltage level (the threshold voltage of transistor 358).

Claims 17, Wert shows output logic inverter comprises at least one output transistor (390), and wherein the second threshold corresponds an upper voltage limit for the at least one output transistor.

Claim 18, Wert shows the output logic inverter comprises at least one output transistor (390), and wherein the first threshold corresponds to a threshold voltage of said at least one output transistor.

Claim 19, Wert shows further first logic circuit (114) operating at the first voltage level and providing the input signal to the input of said input logic inverter; and a second logic circuit (inherent limitation, e.g. internal logic or logic core) operating at the second voltage level for receiving the output signal from output of said output logic inverter.

Claim 20, Wert shows the voltage reduction means provides an output signal (374) that follows an output signal of said input logic inverter until reaching the second voltage second voltage level while the input logic inverter remains above the second voltage level.

The limitations of claims 22, 25-29, 31, and 34-36 are rejected as above claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 13-15, 22-24, and 31-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tanaka et al (4,926,070).

Claim 13, Tanaka shows an electronic circuit (Fig. 4) comprising:

an input logic inverter (41) operating at a first voltage level (VCC) and having an input and an output, the input for receiving an input signal at the first voltage level;

an output logic inverter (46-47) operating at a second voltage level (VPP) higher than the first voltage level and having an input and an output for providing an output signal (Y) of the electronic circuit; and

voltage level shifting means (52) connected between the output of said input logic inverter and the input of said output logic inverter;

the input logic inverter, said output logic inverter, and said voltage means cooperating to reduce the input signal from the first voltage level to the second voltage level provide the output signal so that the input and output signals have substantially equal rise and fall delays and substantially equal rise and fall transition times.

Therefore, Tanaka shows the claimed invention except for the second voltage level lower than the first voltage level. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement an input circuit with the second voltage level lower than the first voltage level, since it has been held that a mere reversal of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art.

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Claim 14, Tanaka shows the voltage reduction means comprises a plurality of series-connected transistors (42, 43) each biased provide a fixed voltage drop.

Claim 15, Tanaka shows the voltage reduction means further comprises a feedback transistor (45) connected between the output and input of the output logic inverter to reduce output leakage current therefrom.

The limitations of claims 22-24 and 31-33 are rejected as above claims.

5. Claims 13, 20-21, 22, 29-30, 31, 36-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nunogmami (5,136,191).

Claim 13, Nunogmami shows an electronic circuit (Fig. 3) comprising:

an input logic inverter (10) operating at a first voltage level (VDD1) and having an input and an output, the input for receiving an input signal at the first voltage level;

an output logic inverter (14) operating at a second voltage level (VDD2) higher than the first voltage level and having an input and an output for providing an output signal (19) of the electronic circuit; and

voltage level shifting means (28, 29) connected between the output of said input logic inverter and the input of said output logic inverter;

the input logic inverter, said output logic inverter, and said voltage means cooperating to reduce the input signal from the first voltage level to the second voltage level provide the output signal so that the input and output signals have substantially equal rise and fall delays and substantially equal rise and fall transition times.

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Therefore, Nunogmami shows the claimed invention except for the second voltage level lower than the first voltage level. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement an input circuit with the second voltage level lower than the first voltage level, since it has been held that a mere reversal of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art.

Claim 20, Nunogmami shows the voltage reduction means provides an output signal that follows an output signal of said input logic inverter until reaching the second voltage second voltage level while the input logic inverter remains above the second voltage level.

Claim 21, Nunogmami shows the voltage reduction means comprises; a first transistor (29) having a first conduction terminal connected (through transistors 32 & 34) to the second voltage level, a second conduction terminal connected to the input of said output logic inverter, and a control terminal connected to the output of the input logic inverter; and

a second transistor (28)having a first conduction terminal for receiving the input signal, a second conduction terminal connected to the input of said output logic inverter, and a control terminal connected to the output of said input logic inverter.

The limitations of claims 22, 29-30, 31, 36-37 are rejected as above claims.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anh Q. Tran whose telephone number is 571-272-1813. The examiner can normally be reached on M-TH (7:00-5:30) Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Tokar can be reached on 571-272-1812. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Anh Q. Tran Examiner Art Unit 2819

9/13/04